

Development of broadband multispectral imaging for analysis of dairy products

Ph.D. student Otto H. A. Nielsen

Technical University of Denmark, department of Informatics
Centre for imaging food quality (CIFQ)
VideoMeter
NKT - photonics
DANISCO

Photonex 2010 conference on spectral imaging
3th November 2010



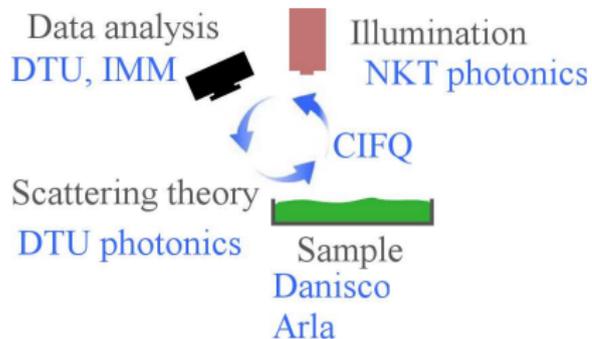
Outline

- 1 SLS based hyperspectral imaging
- 2 Illumination system
- 3 Preliminary results
- 4 Outlook

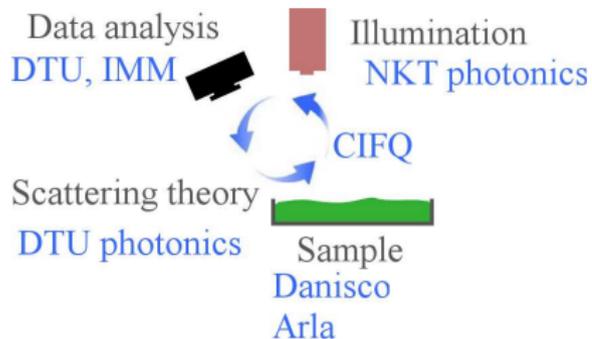
Outline

- 1 SLS based hyperspectral imaging
- 2 Illumination system
- 3 Preliminary results
- 4 Outlook

Spectral imaging for food diagnostics



Spectral imaging for food diagnostics



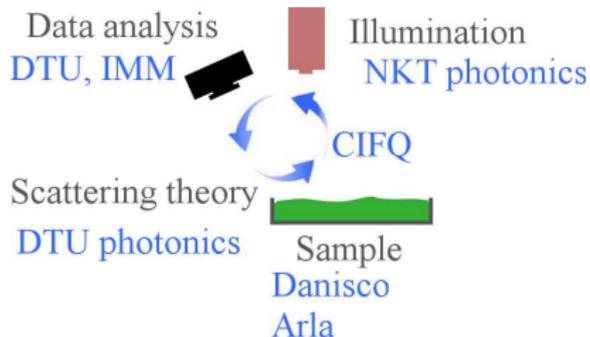
Vision systems

- Structural sample information
- Characterisation of biological samples

Spectroscopy

- Chemical analysis

Spectral imaging for food diagnostics



Vision systems

- Structural sample information
- Characterisation of biological samples

Spectroscopy

- Chemical analysis

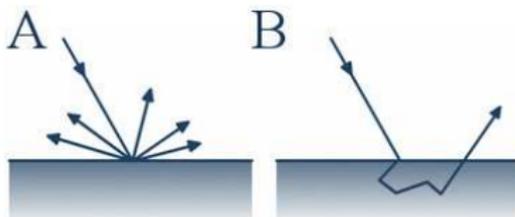
Advantages for food analysis:

- Fast
- Non-invasive

⇒ Suitable for in line process inspection

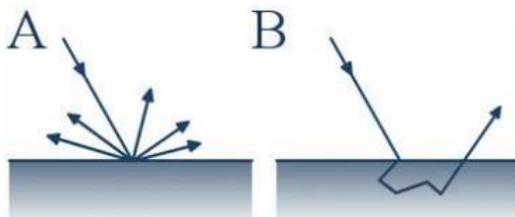
Inspection method for homogeneous products milk, cream, yoghurt etc.

Illumination sources, a collimated beam
Sub surface light scattering (SLS)



Inspection method for homogeneous products milk, cream, yoghurt etc.

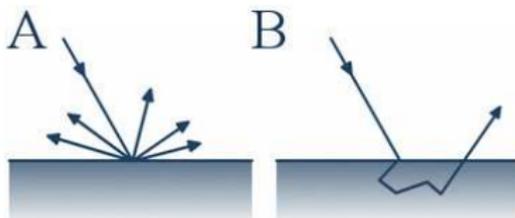
Illumination sources, a collimated beam
Sub surface light scattering (SLS)



Scattering of biological particles is described by Lorentz-Mie theory.

Inspection method for homogeneous products milk, cream, yoghurt etc.

Illumination sources, a collimated beam
Sub surface light scattering (SLS)

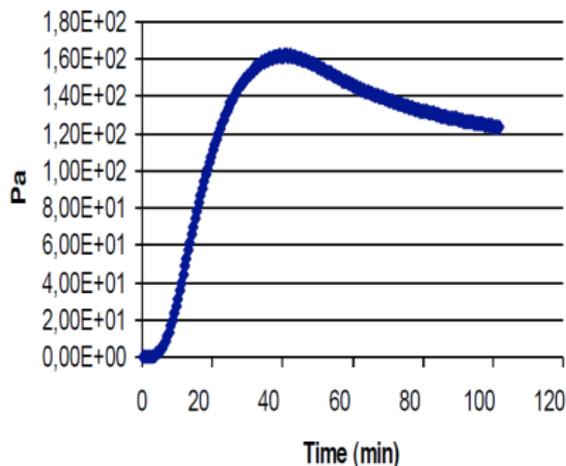


Scattering of biological particles is described by Lorentz-Mie theory.

Can determine:

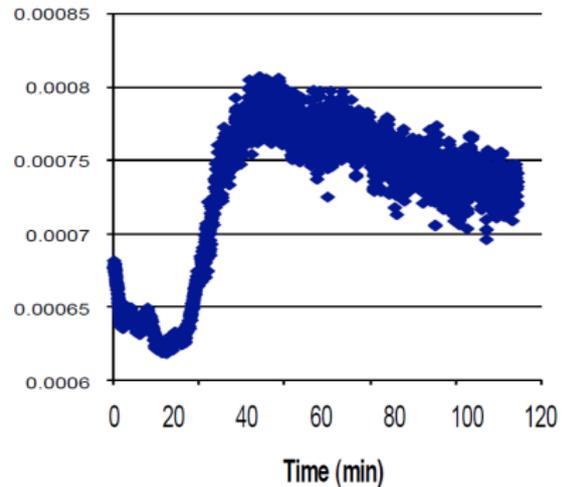
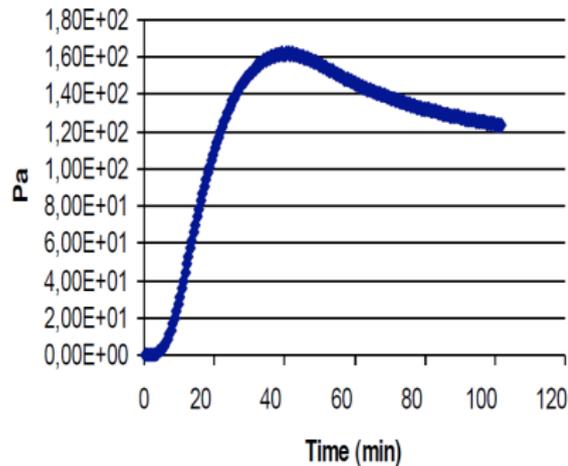
- Particle size
- Particle concentration
- Light absorption
- Light scattering

Previous measurements performed by Danisco¹.



¹ On-line monitoring of food processes using subsurface laser scattering

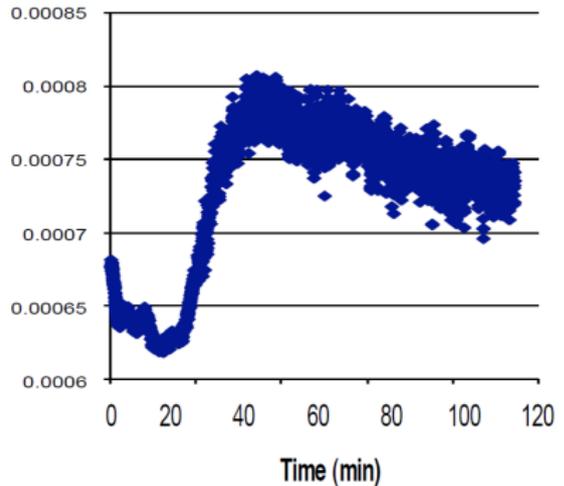
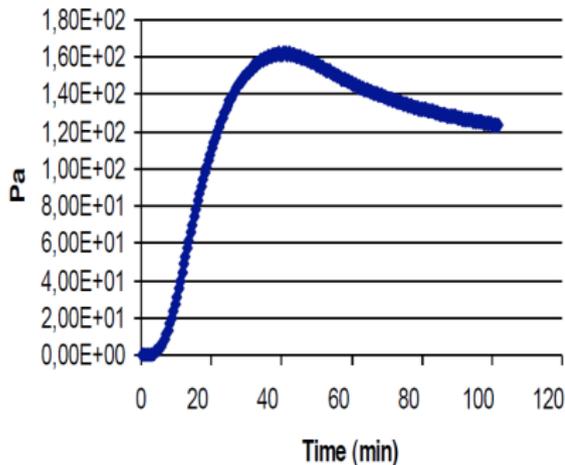
Previous measurements performed by Danisco¹.



¹ On-line monitoring of food processes using subsurface laser scattering

Previous measurements performed by Danisco¹.

The structure of the sample relates its optical properties. The characterisation method will be described later.



¹ On-line monitoring of food processes using subsurface laser scattering

Outline

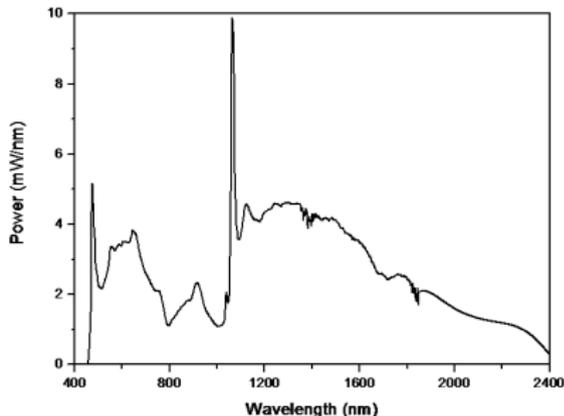
- 1 SLS based hyperspectral imaging
- 2 Illumination system**
- 3 Preliminary results
- 4 Outlook

Illumination source

Light generation with a broad spectral profile



SuperK light source



Produces a bright output from 500 nm to 2500 nm, and the beam requires optical filtering to be used in spectral imaging.

Optical filtering \Rightarrow hyperspectral beam

Acousto-optical tunable filter (AOTF)



Can cover the spectrum from
500 nm to 2500 nm with two
AOTF crystals

Returns two beams, one with visible light and a one for the NIR.

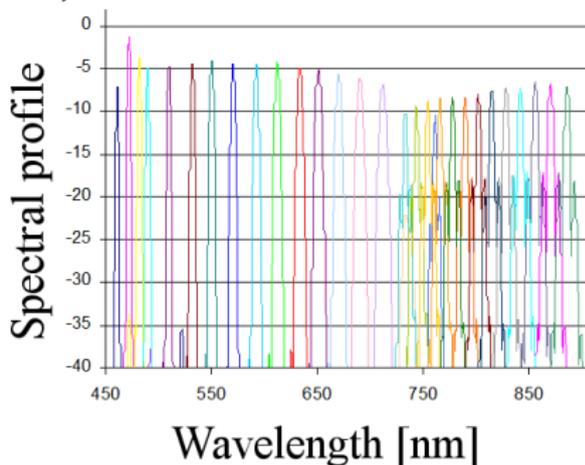
Optical filtering \Rightarrow hyperspectral beam

Acousto-optical tunable filter (AOTF)



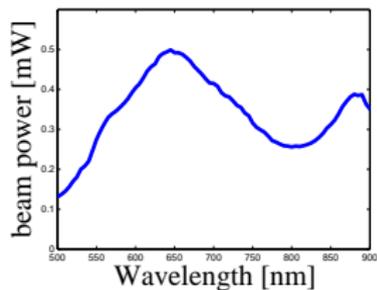
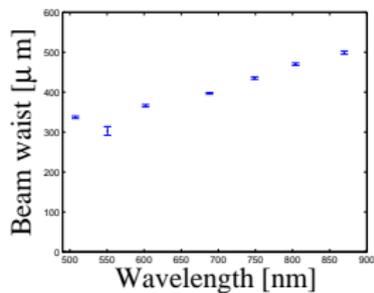
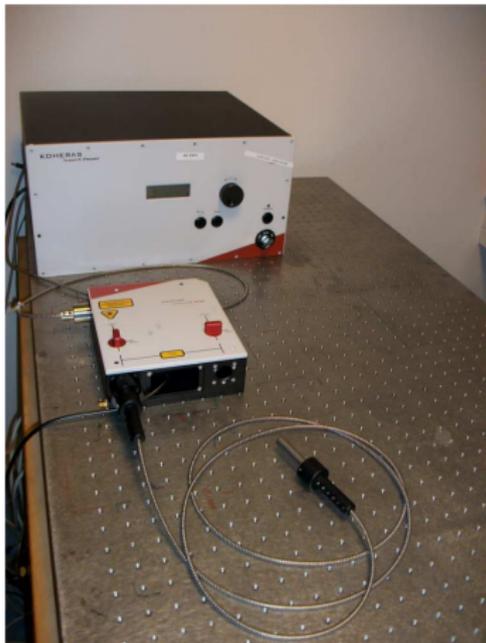
Can cover the spectrum from 500 nm to 2500 nm with two AOTF crystals

Returns two beams, one with visible light and a one for the NIR.

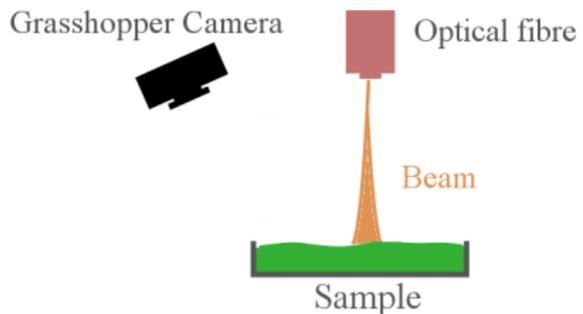


Final light delivery

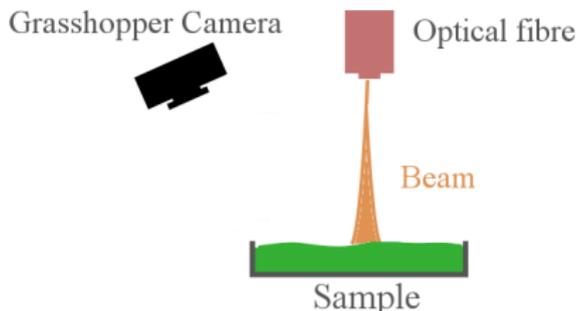
The light is delivered using an micro structured fiber (LMA5).



Schematically setup



Schematically setup



Novel features of the illuminations system

- An small fibre output → easy to handle
- Collimated Gaussian beam → simple scattering pattern
- Broad spectral range (500 nm to 900 nm) → chemical specificity
- Fast switching of wavelengths → usable for industrial inspection

Outline

- 1 SLS based hyperspectral imaging
- 2 Illumination system
- 3 Preliminary results**
- 4 Outlook

Image example with whole milk, $\lambda = 670 \text{ nm}$

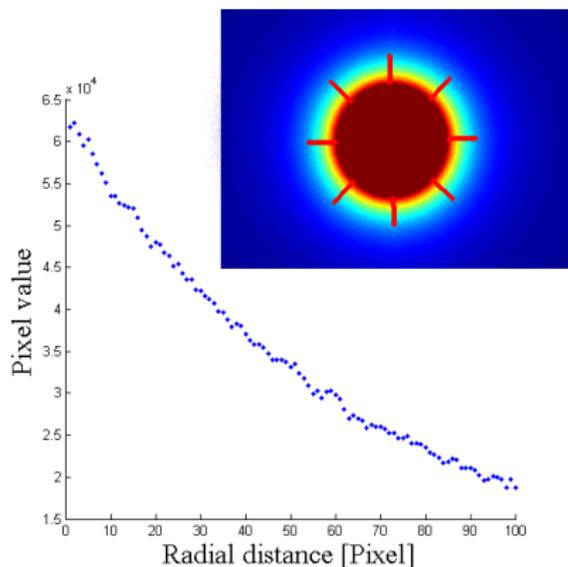


Image example with whole milk, $\lambda = 670 \text{ nm}$

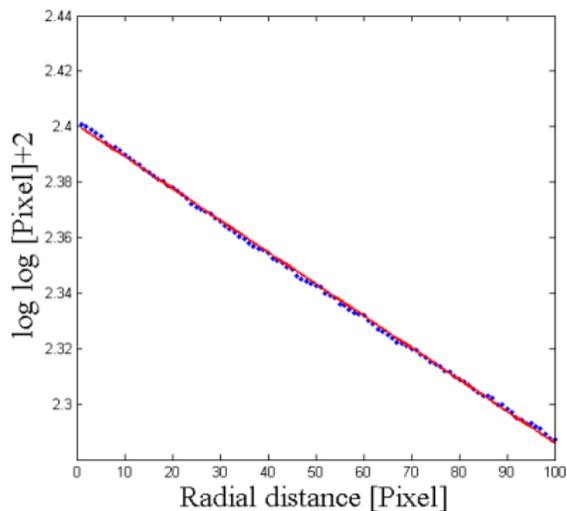
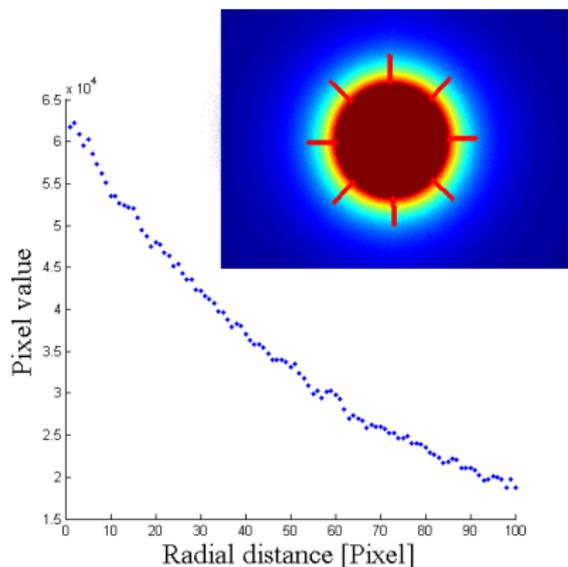
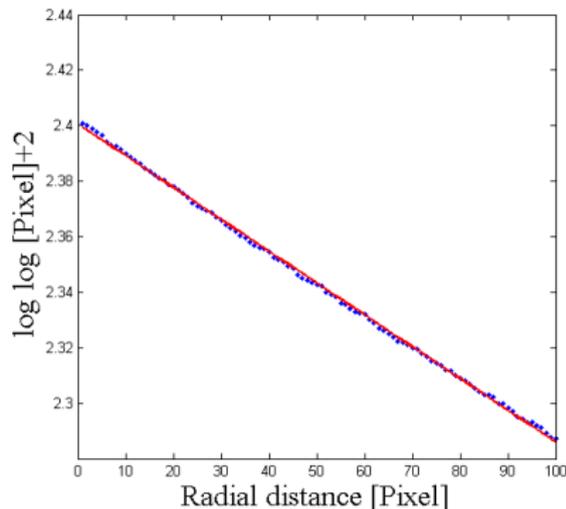
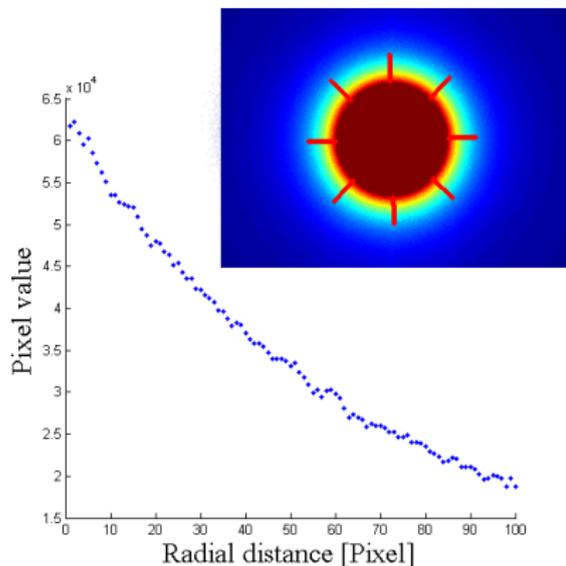
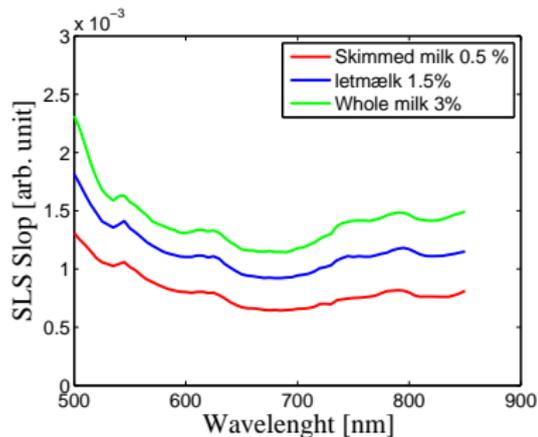


Image example with whole milk, $\lambda = 670 \text{ nm}$



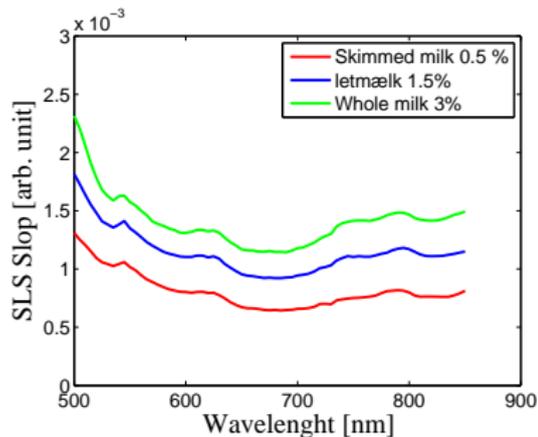
The scattering can be characterised by the **slope** of the loglog curve and the **spot size** of the saturated.

SLS slope characteristics of dairy products

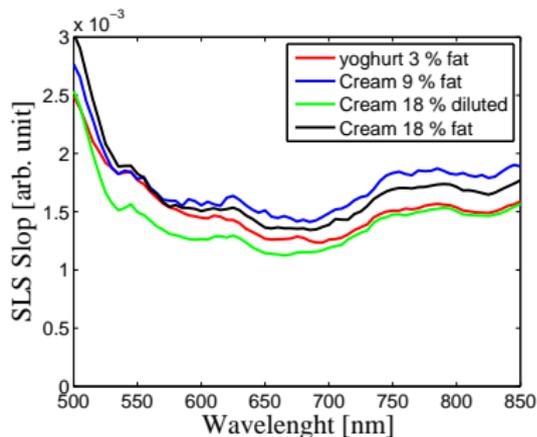


Can discriminate between products of different fat contents.

SLS slope characteristics of dairy products

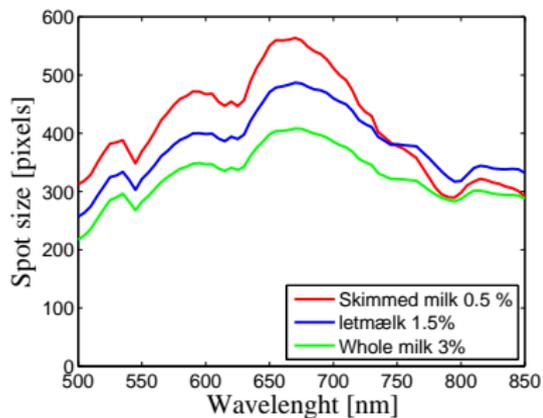


Can discriminate between products of different fat contents.

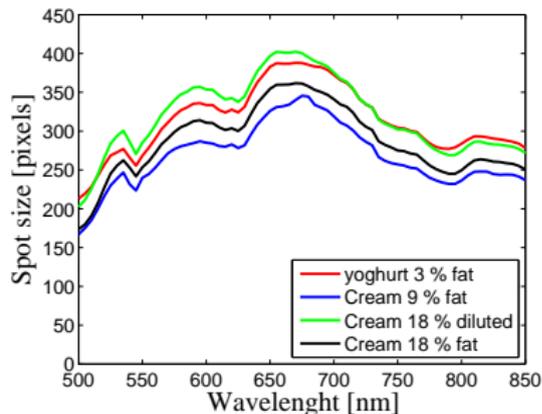
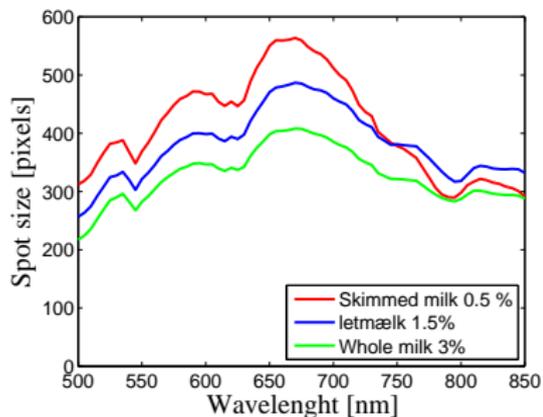


Different slope for same fat contents

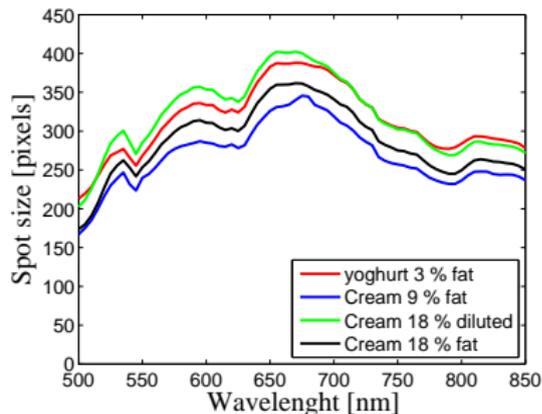
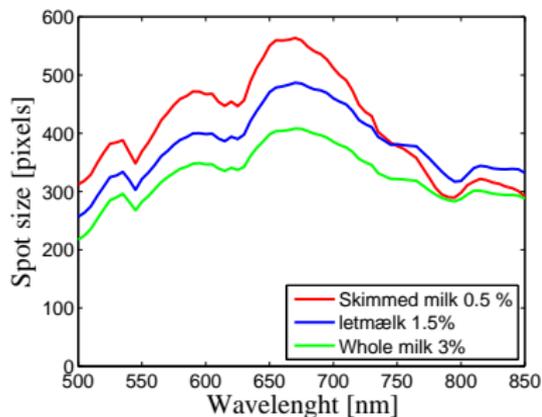
Spot size analysis of diary products



Spot size analysis of dairy products



Spot size analysis of diary products



Line crossings at long wave lengths, showing interesting features.

Outline

- 1 SLS based hyperspectral imaging
- 2 Illumination system
- 3 Preliminary results
- 4 Outlook**

Future implementations

- Analyse products with simple changes (fat contents and particle size). Make correlation between the SLS spectrum and the food property based on statistical models.
- Combining the illumination system with a robot to move the fibre. This will make it possible to examine non symmetric scattering distribution and surface reflection.
- Perform instrument independent characterisation of the samples intrinsic scattering parameters.

Acknowledgements

The work presented is sponsored by the The Danish Council for Strategic Research



Coworkers:

- Anders Dahl - post.doc. DTU IMM - project guidance and data analysis
- Videometer - imaging equipment and data analysis
- NKT photonics - construction and tuning of the illumination system
- Danisco - introduction to food analysis

