

## Solution for exercise 4.4.3 in Karlin and Pinsky

The Markov Chain in 4.4.3 is a reversible Markov chain and we can get the following relations

$$\pi_{i-1}p_{i-1} = q_i\pi_i$$

and therefore

$$\begin{aligned}\pi_i &= \prod_{k=0}^{i-1} \frac{p_k}{q_{k+1}} \pi_0 \quad \forall 1 \leq i \leq N-1 \\ \pi_N &= p_{N-1} \cdot \pi_{N-1} = p_{N-1} \prod_{k=0}^{N-1} \\ p^i_0 &= \frac{1}{\sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \prod_{k=0}^{i-1} \frac{p_k}{q_{k+1}} + p_{N-1} \prod_{k=0}^{N-1}}\end{aligned}$$