Define the events

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 ${\cal H}\,$ A randomly selected person is healthy

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P(H)

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P(H) = 0.99

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Question a) From the text we have the following quantities

 $P(H) = 0.99 \qquad P(D|H)$

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Define the events

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P(H) = 0.99 P(D|H) = 0.05

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Question a) From the text we have the following quantities

P(H) = 0.99 P(D|H) = 0.05 $P(D|H^c)$

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Question b) The proability in question (using the multiplication (chain) rule)

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Question b) The proability in question (using the multiplication (chain) rule)

$$P(H^{c} \cap D^{c}) = P(H^{c})P(D^{c}|H^{c}) = 0.01 * 0.2$$

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Question c) The proability in question (using the multiplication (chain) rule)

$$P(H \cap D^c) = P(H)P(D^c|H) = 0.99 * 0.95 = 0.9405$$

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Question d) The probability in question is

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Question c) The proability in question (using the multiplication (chain) rule)

$$P(H \cap D^c) = P(H)P(D^c|H) = 0.99 * 0.95 = 0.9405$$

Question d) The probability in question is $P(H^c|D)$.

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$$P(H \cap D^c) = P(H)P(D^c|H) = 0.99 * 0.95 = 0.9405$$

Question d) The probability in question is $P(H^c \vert D).$ We use Bayes rule to "interchange" the conditioning

 $P(H^c|D)$

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$$P(H^c|D) = - P(D|H^c)P(H^c)$$

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$$P(H^{c}|D) = \frac{P(D|H^{c})P(H^{c})}{P(D|H^{c})P(H^{c})} +$$

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$$P(H^c|D) = \frac{P(D|H^c)P(H^c)}{P(D|H^c)P(H^c) + P(D|H)P(H)} = 0.8 \cdot 0.010.008 + 0.05 \cdot 0.99$$

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$$P(H^c|D) = \frac{P(D|H^c)P(H^c)}{P(D|H^c)P(H^c) + P(D|H)P(H)} = 0.8 \cdot 0.010.008 + 0.05 \cdot 0.99 = 0.13$$

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and from the law of averaged conditional probabilities we get

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Question e) The probabilities are estimated as the percentage of a large group of people, which is indeed the frequency interpretation.